

Introduction to PyTorch

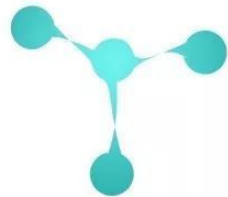
What is PyTorch?

- Open source machine learning library
- Developed by Facebook's AI Research lab
- It leverages the power of GPUs
- Automatic computation of gradients
- Makes it easier to test and develop new ideas.

Other libraries?



Caffe



PYTORCH



dy/net

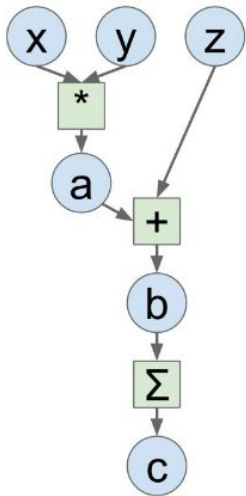


Why PyTorch?

- It is pythonic- concise, close to Python conventions
- Strong GPU support
- Autograd- automatic differentiation
- Many algorithms and components are already implemented
- Similar to NumPy

Why PyTorch?

Computation Graph



Numpy

```
import numpy as np
np.random.seed(0)

N, D = 3, 4

x = np.random.randn(N, D)
y = np.random.randn(N, D)
z = np.random.randn(N, D)

a = x * y
b = a + z
c = np.sum(b)

grad_c = 1.0
grad_b = grad_c * np.ones((N, D))
grad_a = grad_b.copy()
grad_z = grad_b.copy()
grad_x = grad_a * y
grad_y = grad_a * x
```

Tensorflow

```
import numpy as np
np.random.seed(0)
import tensorflow as tf

N, D = 3, 4

with tf.device('/gpu:0'):
    x = tf.placeholder(tf.float32)
    y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32)
    z = tf.placeholder(tf.float32)

    a = x * y
    b = a + z
    c = tf.reduce_sum(b)

grad_x, grad_y, grad_z = tf.gradients(c, [x, y, z])

with tf.Session() as sess:
    values = {
        x: np.random.randn(N, D),
        y: np.random.randn(N, D),
        z: np.random.randn(N, D),
    }
    out = sess.run([c, grad_x, grad_y, grad_z],
                    feed_dict=values)
    c_val, grad_x_val, grad_y_val, grad_z_val = out
```

PyTorch

```
import torch

N, D = 3, 4

x = torch.rand((N, D), requires_grad=True)
y = torch.rand((N, D), requires_grad=True)
z = torch.rand((N, D), requires_grad=True)

a = x * y
b = a + z
c = torch.sum(b)

c.backward()
```